EDITORIAL

Uta Pottgiesser & Wido Quist Editors-in-chief

MULTIPLE MODERNITIES IN UKRAINE

When moving the Docomomo Headquarters to Delft in January 2022, it announced a new cycle of the Docomomo journal by turning the journal fully open access and by introducing a peer-review process. This allows for further scientific indexation of the journal and attracting a wider range of authors. In September 2022 the Docomomo Journal was indexed by Scopus and the issues 1-65 from 1990-2021 are available online in our Docomomo journal Archive. Since then, the Docomomo Journal 66 on Modern Plastic Heritage was published and with this Docomomo Journal 67 we are approaching the country that has dominated our political and cultural discussions in 2022: Ukraine. In January 2022 it was not predictable that national autonomy, human lives and cultural heritage are threatened and destroyed by Russian aggression that started on 24th February 2022. In March of this year, Docomomo International published the Solidarity Statement on Ukraine and has since then been working on this special issue on the Multiple Modernities in Ukraine.

Often unknown in many parts of the world, the history of the Ukraine in the 20th century was turbulent and characterized by wars, revolutions and many changes resulting from that. This complex history is also expressed in the diversity of its cultural heritage and its architecture. Modern architecture started in the early 20th century and continued to expand in the interwar period from 1921-1939/40. The architectural Avant-garde most known for its constructivist buildings, dominated from the mid 1920s to early 1930s, while in parallel Socialist Realism with Stalin Empire emerged from 1932 until 1955. Like in in many other countries, a period of post-war Modernism, established after the WW II evolved into postmodernist architecture around and after the independency in 1991. Today, this country with its huge number of outstanding modern buildings, neighbourhoods and sites is suffering from large scale demolitions of infrastructure, housing, cultural institutions and of artworks. Though diverse in their typologies, techniques and spatial expression of modern architectural ideas they form above all the habitat of the Ukrainian people and are part of their identity.

To give an overview of the wealth of ideas, typologies and constructions, Docomomo International launched a call for papers on Modern Movement in Ukraine together with Docomomo Ukraine in April 2022. More than 20 proposals were received, most of them from the Ukraine itself—despite the difficult circumstances. This Docomomo Journal presents a first selection of the articles received to display regional and architectural particularities, the historic achievements and current challenges of archiving, documenting, protecting and preserving the modern heritage. We decided to also

allow for articles that are beyond the core focus of Docomomo because they provide the background needed to acknowledge the value of those many assets. As an addition to this editorial, we present a graphic overview of nearly 100 examples of Ukrainian modern buildings, divided into interwar (1921-39), and post-WWII periods (1955-91). The interwar period is further separated into an Eastern part (the former Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic USSR) and a Western part (with regions that were part of Poland in the Second Polish Republic). We believe these historic facts are crucial for the understanding of current discussions on identity, the definition of areas of research and protection on local, national and international level.

We would like to thank and acknowledge the commitment of the many academics, activists, preservation specialists and other Ukrainian experts who contributed to this current issue on Modern Movement in Ukraine: Aleksander Bouryak, Chair of Docomomo Ukraine, who provided his network and expertise together with Katerina Didenko and Nadiia Antonenko. We hope that he will be able to guest edit a second issue of the Docomomo Journal dedicated to Kharkiv, one of the centers of Constructivism. A special thank goes to Svitlana Smolenska, architectural historian and journalist from Kharkiv and a member of ICOMOS who contributes with a historic overview on Ukrainian modern heritage. We would also like to thank and acknowledge the commitment of Thomas Flierl and Jörg Haspel who reflected on the status of modern World Heritage Sites. They highlight the exceptional role of Dneprostroj, the Dnipro Hydroelectric Station (DneproGES/DniproHES), the industrial complex and the new socialist city Sotsgorod-known as Zaporizhzhia-as impressive example of urbanization and testimony of the 20th century that need to be protected; next to the internationally known Derzhprom complex in Kharkiv that is already on the Ukrainian World Heritage Tentative List.

With regard to the huge amount of Heritage in Danger we like to highlight the commitment of Alex Bykov for independent archiving in particular in Kyiv, as well as the contribution of Fabien Bellat discussing the recurring history of destructions. Maxime Forest, levgeniia Gubkina and Owen Hatherley in their contribution draw attention to the disastrous legal situation of non-protected heritage. Scholars and researchers generously collaborated and contributed with their knowledge, among them: Hiromitsu Umemiya who sheds light to the nearly unknown contributions of Japanese architects to the famous international design competition in Kharkiv in 1929; Olga Mykhaylyshyn describes the interwar period in Volyn, then part of Poland; Natalia Novoselchuk reports on the early modern buildings and traditions in the region of Poltava; and Liudmyla Shevchenko investigates the mass housing development after WWII in Ukraine; finally, Olena Mokrousova takes the case of Kyiv to explain the practical difficulties of listing and preservation from the perspective of a heritage professional. We are glad to collaborate with Robert Huber and Ben Buschfeld, the organizers of the Triennial of Modernism in Berlin, Dessau and Weimar, who dedicated a five-part exhibition to Ukraine with a focus on Lviv, Kyiv and Kharkiv. A special thank goes to Ivan Nevzgodin who took his time and private book collection to present a selected book review. Thanks also to Miles Glendinning the English proof-read and to our students Olga Psarri and Pelagia Spyridonidou for creating the graphic overview on the following pages.

Although with great sadness on the reason for the initiative, it is with great pleasure that we are launching this issue of the Docomomo journal, published both in print and online via www.docomomojournal.com.

SOVIET INTERWAR MODERNISM

1919-1939/41 - Eastern part





CAMPUS #1 OF DNIPROPETROVSK NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF RAILWAY TRANSPORT NAMED AFTER ACADEMICIAN V. LAZARYAN

1930-1936 • C. Shchukin 49000 Lazariana str. 1 48° 26′ 13.92′′ N/35° 3′ 2.16′′ E



BRIDGE NR. 3

1913-1932 • G. Perederiy & N. Kolokolov **Dnipropet**rovsk 49000 Nabereznaja Pob 48° 26′ 17.16′′ N/35° 4′ 13.08′′ E



AUTOMATIC TELEPHONE STATION

1933-1935 • P. Frolov 49000 Pushkina str. 75 48° 28′ 5.88″ N/35° 0′ 51.12″ E





SVOBODY SQR. ENSEMBLE

1921-1936 • V. Trotsenko, Kravets, M. Felger, M. Zundberg-Serafimova & G. Janovitsky

Svobody Sqr. 50° 0′ 19.08′′ N/36° 13′ 50.88′′ E

RESIDENTIAL COMPLEX NOVYJ BYT

1926-1930 • M. Pokorniy 61058 Danilevskogo str. 20 50° 0′ 41.04′′ N/36° 13′ 35.76′′ E

POST OFFICE

1927-1929 • A. Mordvinov 61052 Pryvokzalna sqr. 2 49° 59′ 18.96′′ N/36° 12′ 21.96′′ E

AUTOMATIC TELEPHONE STATION

1930-1932 • P. Frolov 61002 Ivanova str. 9 50° 0′ 12.96′′ N 36° 14′ 17.88″ E



HOUSE "DOM SPECIALISTOV"

1934-1936 • L. S. Lemesh 61058 Boris Čibanin st. / Romain Rollan st./ Prospekt of Thruth / Velyka Panasivska st. 83a 50° 0′ 30.96″ N/36° 13′ 36.84″ E



CAMPUS GIGANT

1928-1931 • A. Molokin & G. Ikonnikov 61024 Pushkinskaya str. 79 1 50° 0′ 22.68″ N/36° 14′ 58.56″ E



HARKOMKHOZ RESIDENTIAL BUILDING

1927 • M. Movshovich 61000 Chernyshevska str. 94 50° 0′ 43.16″ N/ 36° 14′ 50.88″ E



"RED INDUSTRIALIST" **RESIDENTIAL BUILDING**

1928-1929 • S. Kravets & A. Kasyanov 61058 Nezalezhnosti Av. 5 50° 0′ 31.72″ N/ 36° 13′ 30.22″ E



RESIDENTIAL COMPLEX ON THE DANILEVSKY STREET

1927-1928 • M. Pokorny 61000 Danilevsky str.



RESIDENTIAL **BUILDING**

1928 • V. Kostenko 61000 Sumskaya & Mayakovsky str. 4-6 50° 0′ 38.78″ N 36° 14′ 27.99″ E



RESIDENTIAL BUILDING (the first large block multi storey building)

1931 • N. Plekhov, A. Postnikov & A. Vatsenko 61000 Pushkinska str. 40 49° 59′ 50.96″ N/ 36° 14′ 22.5″ E





SOCGOROD RESIDENTIAL HOUSES

1930 • S. Andrievskij 69000 Sobornoyi Av.









CHEMICAL FACULTY BUILDING OF THE KHARKOV STATE UNIVERSITY

1928 • S. Kravets 61003 Universitetskaya str. 12-A 49° 59′ 20.04″ N/36° 13′ 49.08″ I



X-RAYS ACADEMY

1930 • V. Estrovich 61024 Pushkinskaya str. 82 50° 0′ 15.84′′ N/36° 14′ 56.04′′ E



HOUSE "SLOVO"

1930 • M. Dashkevich 61002 Literature str. 9 50° 0′ 42.12″ N/36° 14′ 3.12″ E



HOUSE OF SOUTHERN RAILWAY EMPLOYEES

1926-1936 • A. Beketov 61182 Krasnoarmejska str. 8 49° 59′ 21.12′′ N/36° 12′ 29.16′′ E



HOUSE "KOMUNAR"

1932 • A. Linetskiy & V. Bogomolov 61002 Girshmana str. 17 50° 0′ 2.88′′ N/36° 14′ 27.96′′ E



RAILWAY WORKERS' PALACE

1928-1932 • A. Dmitriev & V. Veryuzhny 61052 Kotlova str. 83a



HOUSE "TABACHNIK-KNIJNIK"

1930 • P. Frolov 61022 Prawdy ave. 5 49° 59′ 50.28′′ N/36° 12′ 25.56′′ E 50° 0′ 27′′ N/36° 13′ 32.16′



COMPLEX OF THE UKRAINIAN INSTITUTE OF PHYSICS & TECHNOLOGY

1931 • Gudanov str. 13



4TH UNIFIED DISPENSARY (KHARKIV CITY POLYCLINIC)

1933 • P. I. Frolov 61000 October Revolution str. 59 49° 58′ 33.07″ N/ 36° 13′ 25.46″ E



DNIPRO HYDROELECTRIC STATION

1929-1932 • V. Vesnin, N. Kolli, G. Olov & S. Andrievskij



SOCGOROD RESIDENTIAL HOUSES WITH LIBRARY

1930 • S. Andrievskij 69000 Sobornoyi Av.



SOCGOROD KOMMUNAR

1930 • K. Knjazev 69000 Sobornoyi Av.



SOCGOROD DORMITORY/HOTEL

1930-1932 • B. Letavin & G. Orlov 69000 Sobornoyi Av.

SOVIET INTERWAR MODERNISM

1919-1939/41 - Eastern part





PALACE OF CULTURE OF METALLURGES

1925-1929 • A. Dimitriev 83000 Kuibysheva str. 67 47° 58′ 53.93″ N/ 37° 46′ 56.06″ E



MINING INSTITUTE (DONETSK NATIONAL TECHNICAL UNIVERSITZ)

1929-1932 • Y. Steinberg 83000 Artema str. 58 47° 59′ 38.49″ N / 37° 48′ 15″ E



CLUB OF V.I.LENIN WORKS

1928 • G. Yanovitskiy 83000 Artema str. 60 47° 59′ 45.94″ N/37° 48′ 15″ E



CLUB "KHARKHOVIK"

1931-1933 • M. Shekhonin 04070 Mezhihirska str. 2 50° 27′ 56.42″ N/ 30° 31′ 5.83″ E



RESIDENTIAL BUILDING SOVIET DOCTOR

1928-1930 • P. Aleshin 02000 Velyka Zhitomirska str. 17 50° 27′ 18.89″ N/ 30° 30′ 48.25″E





PEDAGOGICAL INSTITUTE

1930 • A. Molokin 9100 Oboronna str. 2 48° 33′ 49.55″ N/ 39° 19′ 0.09″ E









GRAIN PORT ELEVATOR

HOUSES FOR EMPLOYEES

73009 Port Elevator str. 5 46° 38′ 3.35″ N/ 32° 37′ 46.83″ E This graphic overview presents many of the outstanding modern buildings of the interwar and post WWII-period in Ukraine. Buildings are shown in their original appearance, although many of them are modified today, and with their coordinates and location in the country-separated into eastern and western part. Based on the Docomomo Virtual Exhibition curated by Docomomo Ukraine, more buildings have been added with the support of Svitlana Smolenska, Thomas Flierl, Alex Bykov. Olga Psarri and Pelagia Spyridonidou created the layout and vérified the locations.



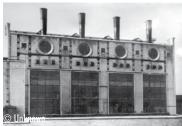


SCHOOL NO.71 1929-1930 • J. Ka Polevy Lane 10



FILM FACTORY OLEKSANDR DOVZHENKO FILM STUDIOS

1926-1929 • V. Rykov 03057 Peremohy Avenue 44 50°27' 3.81" N/30° 28' 13.11" E



KYIV REGIONAL POWER PLANT (KRES)

1926-1935 • G. Golts, M. Parusnikov, A. Burov & B. Damansky 02000 Lane of Electricians, 2-19 50°28′ 48.22″N/ 30° 30′ 50.62″ E



CLUB HOUSE OF "BOLSHEVIK" FACTORY

1928-1930 • Y. Moiseevich 02000 Peremohy Avenue 40 50° 27' 18.9" N/ 30° 27' 11.2" E



CINEMA ZHOVTEN

1928-1930 • N. Trotsky & V. Rykov 02000 Kostyantynivska str. 26 50° 28′ 7.04″ N/ 30° 30′ 36.67″ E



RESTAURANT DYNAMO

1932-1934 • J. Karakis & P. Savych
01001 Mykhaila Hrushevskoho str. 3
50° 27′ 05″ N/ 30°3 2′ 01″ E



ARTISTS HOUSE

1930-1932 • A. Dobrovolsky, A. Makunina, N. Kotliarov & S. Ja 04053 Kyiv Artyoma str. 5 50° 27′ 18″ N/ 30° 30′ 11.88″ E



GRAIN PORT ELEVATOR
1931-32 •

MIKOLAI





GRAIN PORT ELEVATOR

1928-1930 • 54000 1st Slobodska str. 122 46° 57′ 1.64″ N/ 32° 0′ 16.45″ E





RESIDENTIAL BUILDING

• A. Dubinin 65000 Marazliivska str. 1a 46° 28′ 28.1″ N/ 30° 44′ 59.28″ E



AUTOMATIC TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

1929-1931 • N. Gurevich 65000 Katerynynska str. 37 46° 28' 44.84" N/ 30° 44' 17.95" E

GALIZIAN INTERWAR MODERNISM 1919-1939/41 - Western part





DOBRYK HOUSE 1928 • A. Stahl 79012 Hlinky str. 12 49° 49' 43.68" N/24° 1' 8.4" E



KGB BUILDING (OFFICES)

1935-1936 • T. Wróbel 7012 Dmytra Vitovskogo str. 55 49° 49′ 53.76′′ N/24° 1′ 9.12′′ E



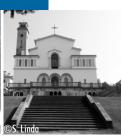
LABOR UNION HOUSE

1928-1929 • F. Kassler 79005 prospekt Shevchenko str. 7 49° 50′ 22.92′′ N/24° 1′ 54.84′′ E



HNAT CHODKEWYCH CULTURAL CENTRE (FORMER TRAMWAY CLUB)

1936-1938 • T. Wróbel & L. Karasinski 79019 Kushewycha str. 1 49° 51′ 4.68″ N/24° 1′ 31.8″ E



CHURCH OF THE INTERCESSION OF THE HOLY VIRGIN (POKROWA)

1931-1934 • T. Obminski 79014 Lychakivska str. 175 49° 50′ 14.64′′ N/24° 4′ 13.8′′ E



QUEEN JADWIGA SCHOOL

1930-1938 • T. Pisiewicz 79000 Henerala Chuprynky str. 45-37 49° 49′ 51.89″ N/ 24° 0′ 34.65″E



YEVGENIA LEVYTSKA'S VILLA

1938 • A. Stahl 79000 Franka str. 148 49° 49′ 23.04″N/ 24° 1′ 56.85″E



TENEMENT HOUSE

1938-1939 • W. Lange 79000 Hertsena str. 5 49° 50′ 8.91″ N/ 24° 2′ 1.88″ E



MORITZ KALISCH'S TENEMENT HOUSE

1913-1914 • F. Kassler 79000 Levytskoho str. 26 49° 50′ 5.55″ N/ 24° 2′ 19.83″ E



1933-1935 • J.Puterman-Sadlowski & J.Najman 33028 Rivne Soborna 56 50° 37′ 9.84′′ N/26° 15′ 10.08′′ E



ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH

1931-1938 • W.Chechott 33000 Rivne Soborna 213 50° 37′ 23.16′′ N/26° 13′ 41.88′′ E



NOTARY CHAMBER

1937-1939 • Z.Wardzala 79005 Saksahanskogo 6 49° 50′ 35.16″ N/ 24° 2′ 33″ E



RESIDENTIAL COURT DELUXE

1926-1928 • W. Minkiewicz 79011 Stryjska str. 32-38 49° 49′ 37.56′′ N/24° 1′ 40.08′′ E



BUILDING OF TRADE UNION OF RAILROAD WORKERS

1929-1937 • R. Miller & H. Zaremba 79015 Fedkovycha str. 54-56 49° 50′ 0.6″ N/23° 59′ 54.24″ E



NAD ZALIZNOJU VODOJU COLONY

1934-1939 • T. Teodorowicz-Todorowski, T. Wróbel, L. Rebowski, R.Polt, L.Veltze, D. Wuchowicz & M. Lakser



PROFESORSKA COLONY

1935-1939 • T. Wróbel & L. Karasinski & M. Koczur



APARTMENT BUILDING

1938 • Y. Menker 79000 Heroiv Maidanu str. 5C 49° 49′ 47.9″ N/24° 1′ 7.06″ E



APARTMENT BUILDING

1930 • 79000 Kalicha Gora str. 22 49° 49′ 37.56′′ N/24° 1′ 40.08′′ E



BUILDING OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY FACILITIES

1936 • T. Wrobel, L. Karasinski & O. Fedak



TENANT HOUSE

1934-1937 • S. Keil, M. Zandig, R. Hermelin & J. Menker

79000 Kherson Oblast 46°29'32.54"N /32°13'57.35"E



J. SPRECHER'S FIRST **SKYSCRAPER**

1914-1924 • F. Kassler **79000 A. Micki**ewicz sq. 8



RESIDENTIAL BUILDING WITH CAFE MANDRYSKY

1935-1938 • J. Awin 79007 Hnatyuka str. 4 49° 50′ 23.56″ N/ 24° 1′ 47.46″ E 49° 50′ 34.44′′ N/24° 1′ 23.52′′ E



ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH

1933-1938 • W.Stakhon 34500 Sarny Rivne region Chervonoarmijska 7 51° 20′ 6″ N/26° 36′ 27″ E





UKRTELEKON HOUSE

1937-1939 • W. Marcinkowski 50° 44′ 42″ N 25° 19′ 19.92" E



POST-OFFICE HOUSE

1936 • J.Puterman-Sadlowski 43025 Kryvy Wal str. 19 **43025** Kryvy Wal **28** 50° 44′ 44.16′′ N/25° 19′ 15.96′′ E

SOVIET POSTWAR MODERNISM 1955-1991 - Ukraine







HOTEL MIR

1977-1979 • V. Savchenko, S. Mirgorodsky, R. Gupalo, N. Didenko & I. Ivanov

61072 Lenina ave. 27 A

50° 1′ 33.24′′ N/36° 13′ 16.32′′ E

CONCERT HALL "UKRAINE"

1963 • V. Vasiliev, J. Plaksiev, V. Reusov & L. Fridgan 1930-1932 • P. Alioshin 61022 Kharkiv Sumskaya str. 35 61007 Mira 49° 57′ 9.039″ N/36° 22′ 40° 57′ 9.039″ N/36° 40° 57′ 9.039″ N/36° 22′ 40° 57′ 9.039″ N/36° 22′ 40° 57′ 9.030″ N/36° 40° 57′ 9.00° 57′ 9.00° 57′ 9.00° 57′ 9.00° 57′ 9.00° 57′ 9.00° 57′ 9.00° 57′ 9.00°

HTZ SETTLEMENT

49° 57′ 9.039″ N/36° 22′ 15.72″ E



SUPERMARKET PECHERSKIJ

1982 • A. Anishchenko & I. Gordon 01011 Pecherska sqr. 1 50° 25′ 57′′ N/30° 32′ 29.04′′ E



RIVER STATION

1957-1961 • V. Gopkalo, V. Ladny, G. Slutsky, M. 1962-1965 • A. Miletsky, E. Belsky, A. Pechenov, Cantor, E. Kotkov, V. Lamah & I. Litovchenko

04070 Post sqr. 3 50° 27′ 33.12′′ N/30° 31′ 36.84′′ E



PALACE PIONEERS & SCHOOLCHILDREN

L. Linovich, A. Rybachuk, V. Melnichenko, V. Borodaj & V. Seliber 01010 Mazepy str. 13 50° 26′ 29.04″ N/30° 33′ 6.84″ E



PALACE OF SOLEMN EVENTS

1981 • V. Gopkalo, V. Grechyna, I. Grechyna, O. Galatin, I. Veremejenko, N. Komisarov, V. Koval & N. Jurchenko

Peremogy Ave 11 50° 26′ 53.88″ N/30° 28′ 41.16″ E



NATIONAL LIBRARY OF UKRAINE NAMED AFTER V. VERNADSKY

1976-1989 • V. Gopkalo, V. Grechyna & V. Peskovsky

03039 Kyiv Goloseevsky Ave. 3 50° 24′ 15.48′′ N/30° 31′ 7.68′′ E



CINEMA LECTURE HALL INSTITUTE OF SCIENTIFIC TECHNICAL AND **ECONOMIC INFORMATION**

1961-1981 • F. Jurjev, L. Novikov, V. Koval, N. Kofman & A. Pechenov

03680 Kyiv Gorkogo str. 180 50° 24′ 41.04″ N/30° 31′ 30″ E



CENTRAL HIPPODROME

1960-1969 • N. Piskunenko, S. Teljuk, G. Markitan, V. Copkin, S. Fridman, O.Barska & V. Sherman 03187 Kyiv Akademika Glushkova 10 50° 22′ 30″ N/30° 27′ 21.96″ E



COVERED MARKET OF PODOLSKY DISTRICT

1974-1980 • O. Monina, V. Shtolko, B. Bernarsky Kyiv Zhitnetorzhskaya sqr. 16 50° 27′ 52.92′′ N/30° 30′ 38.88′′ E



NEW BUILDINGS OF KIEV NATIONAL UNIVERSITY NAMED AFTER T. SHEVCHENKO

1972-1980 • M. Budilovsky, V. Ladny, V. Kolomijets, V. Katsin, V. Morozov, V. Drizo, I. Novichenko & I. Shapiro 01601 Volodymyrska str. 64 13 50° 26′ 43.08′′ N/30° 30′ 47.16′′ E









CREMATORIUM

1967-1975 • A. Miletsky, A. Rybachuk & V. Melnichenko 02000 Bajkova str. 16 50° 24′ 56.88″ N/30° 30′ 20.16″ E

UNIVERSAL FURNITURE STORE EXHIBITION **HOUSE FURNITURE**

1971 • N. Chmutina, O. Stukalov, J. Chekanjuk, L. Dmitriev, G. Avdeev & J. Rebrov 03145 Druzhby narodiv blvd 23 50° 25′ 4.08″ N/30° 32′ 34.08″ E

HOTEL «SALIUT»

1976-1984 • A. Miletsky, N. Slogotskaya, V. Shevchenko, J. Names, S. Syrota, J. Furmanov 01010 Kyiv I. Mazepy str. 11-B 50° 26′ 30.12′′ N/30° 32′ 57.12′′ E



CINEMA KYIVSKA RUS

1982 • V. Tajenchuk, M. Basenkov 04095 Artyoma str. 93 50° 27′ 33.84″ N/30° 29′ 6″ E



PALACE OF SPORTS

1958-1960 • M. Grechyna, O. Zavarov, J. Jevrejinov, 1982 • V. Gopkalo, V. Grechyna, V. Kolomijets, L. V. Sussky, V. Grechyna & V. Repjak 01601 Sport sqr. 1 50° 26′ 12.12′′ N/30° 31′ 21′′ E



MUSEUM NAMED AFTER LENIN

Filenko, V. Koval & L. Linovich 01001 Kviv Khreshchatvk str. 2 50° 27′ 11.16′′ N/30° 31′ 36.12′′ E



HOUSE OF TRADE

1982 • V. Yezhov, O. Snytsarov, O. Hayduchenya, I. Loshakov, T. Samson, B. Zabranskyy, G. Avdeev, B. Chizhik

04053 Kyiv Lviv sqr. 50° 27′ 16.92′′ N/30° 30′ 23.04′′ E



REGIONAL CINEMA HOUSE

1969-1974 • Z. Chechik & I. Onishchenko 01023 Saksaganskogo 6

50° 26′ 11.04″ N/30° 31′ 10.2′



CENTRAL BUS STATION

1959-1961 • A. Miletsky, E. Belsky, J. Melnik, A. Rybachuk & V. Melnichenko 03039 Kyiv Nauki Ave. 1

50° 24′ 25.92′′ N/30° 31′ 15.96′′ E



PALACE OF CULTURE UKRAINE

1967-1975 • E. Marinchenko, P. Jilitskij, I. Viner, P. Bulajevsky & V. Fedorchenko 03150 Chervonoarmijska str. 103 50° 25′ 19.92′′ N/30° 31′ 15.96′′ E





HOUSE OF YOUNG SPECIALISTS (PLANT OF THE OCTOBER REVOLUTION)

1951 • Dmitrienko, Gorstroyproekt 91002 Lugansk Tsupovy str. 48° 34′ 54.84″ N/39° 18′ 6.84″ E



BUS STATION

1973 • G. Holovchenko 91024 Lugansk Oboronnaya str. 28 48° 32′ 40.92″ N/39° 20′ 3.84″ E